

Potential Bivalve Reservoirs of *Bonamia* spp. in Florida's Indian River Lagoon

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Background

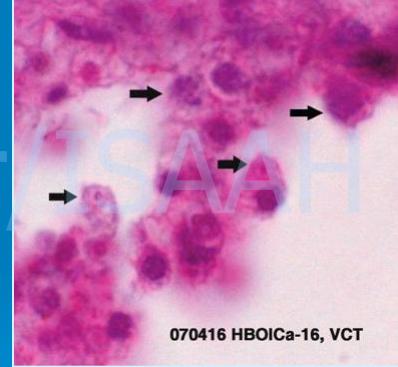
➤ Oyster mesocosm experiments in 2007

- Eastern oyster (*Crassostrea virginica*) and suminoe oyster (*C. ariakensis*)
- *Bonamia* spp. positive by PCR
 - *C. ariakensis* also positive histologically
 - First report of *Bonamia* sp. in Florida waters
 - *B. exitiosa* (VIMS)
- Similar *Bonamia* sp. caused mortalities in *C. ariakensis* in North Carolina (Audemard et al, 2008)
- Other *Bonamia* sp. reported in NC
 - *B. perspora* in *Ostreola equestris* (Carnegie et al, 2005)

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Background Information

- **What is Bonamia?**
 - haplosporidian parasite
- **Tissues infected**
 - haemocytes
- **Transmission**
 - water
- **Environmental associations**
 - warm temperature (20-32°C)
 - high salinity (30-35 ppt)



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Bonamia species

- **B. ostrea** (Europe, West coast USA)
 - *Ostrea edulis*, *O. angasi*, *O. chilensis*, *O. puelchana*,
O. denselamellosa, *Crassostrea ariakensis*, *C. angulata*
- **B. exitiosa** (New Zealand, Chile)
 - *O. chilensis*, *O. angasi*
- **B. roughleyi** (Australia)
 - *Saccostrea glomerata*
- **B. perspora** (U.S.)
 - *Ostreola equestris*

© Author/ISAAH Objectives

- Examine a range of bivalve species in the Indian River Lagoon, FL for *Bonamia*
 - Identify *Bonamia* spp.
 - Determine range of *Bonamia* spp.
 - Environmental component
- Test collected bivalves for the presence of other pathogens
 - *Perkinsus marinus, Haplosporidium nelsoni*

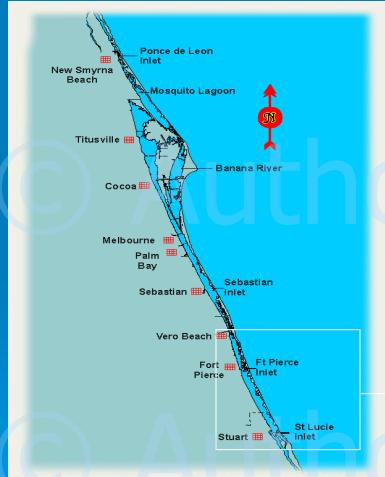


© Author/ISAAH Materials and Methods

- Study site locations
 - Southern portion of the Indian River Lagoon
 - 10 sites
- Field collection
 - 10-20 bivalves per species per location
- Sample processing
 - Measurements
 - Taxonomic identification
 - Tissue processing
 - PCR
 - Histology



© Author/ISAAH Indian River Lagoon



- Nation's most diverse estuary
 - 2200 animal species
 - 2100 plant species
- 156 miles long
- 5 counties
- 4 inlets

Study area

IRL Study Sites



Collection

- GPS Coordinates
- Water quality data
 - temperature
 - salinity
 - dissolved oxygen
- Intertidal and subtidal regions
 - oyster reefs/clumps
 - base of mangrove roots
 - wooden pilings
 - near inlets, discharge sites, intermediate sites
- 10-20 individuals per species



Sample Processing

- Measurements
 - shell height (mm)
 - weight (g)
- DNA extraction
 - Gill tissue
 - Roche High Pure PCR Template Preparation Kit
- PCR
 - Primers *Bonamia*:
 - Bon CF/CR, *Bonamia* spp. (300 bp)
 - CaBon146F/461R, *B. exitiosa* (316 bp)
 - *Perkinsus marinus*:
 - Pm F/R (307 bp)
 - *Haplosporidium nelsoni*:
 - MSX A/B (564 bp)
- Histology
 - Cross sections fixed in Davidson's
 - Transferred to 70% ethanol



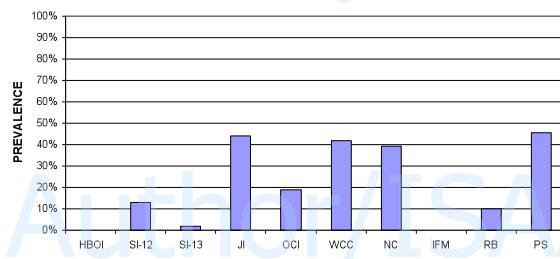
Results

Total Number Collected

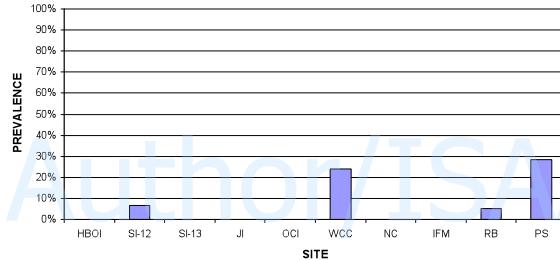
| Species | HBOI | SI-12 | SI-13 | JI | OCl | WCC | NC | IFM | RB | PS |
|------------------------|------|-------|-------|----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|----|
| <i>C. virginica</i> | 10 | 10 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 15 | 12 | 15 | 15 |
| <i>O. equestris</i> | 17 | 16 | 20 | 12 | 20 | 36 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>I. alatus</i> | 2 | 0 | 9 | 19 | 5 | 20 | 21 | 20 | 0 | 13 |
| <i>B. citrinus</i> | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>B. exustus</i> | 12 | 16 | 17 | 3 | 0 | 20 | 1 | 12 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>I. recurvum</i> | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>G. granosissima</i> | 5 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 | 15 | 17 | 5 | 5 | 7 |
| <i>M. mercenaria</i> | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>C. cancellata</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>P. pectinata</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| <i>A. rigida</i> | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL PER SITE | 51 | 46 | 57 | 50 | 37 | 105 | 56 | 80 | 20 | 35 |

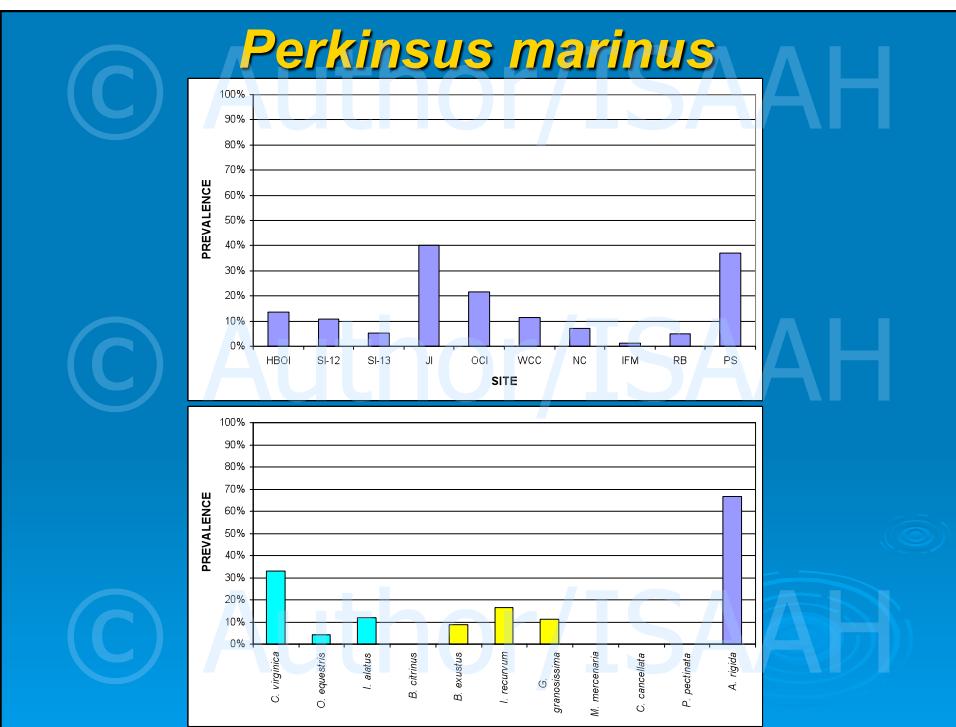
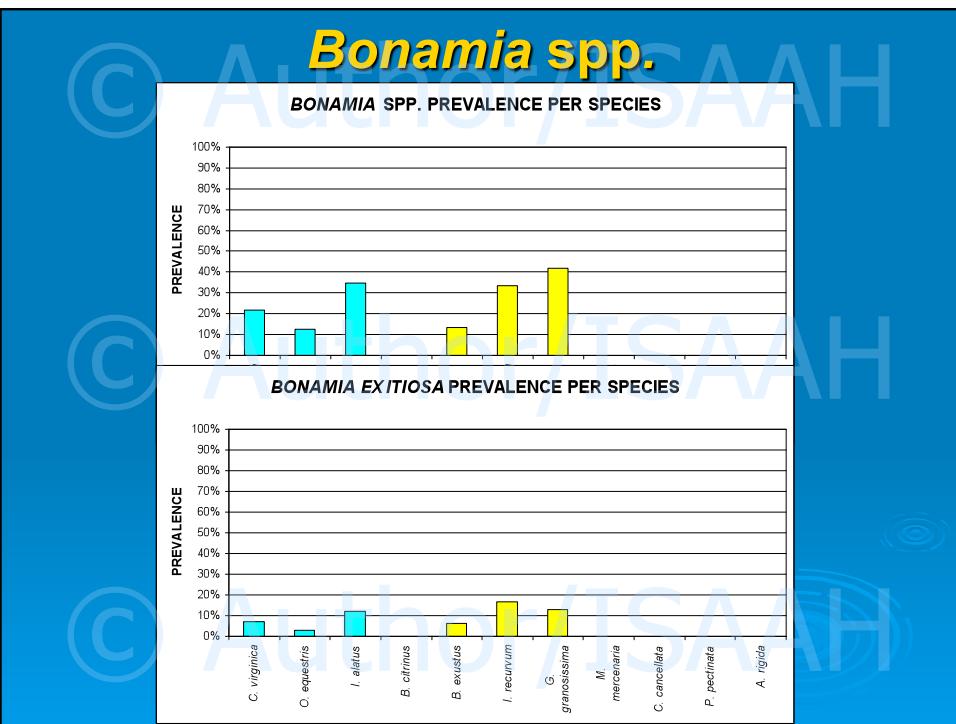
Bonamia spp.

BONAMIA SPP. PREVALENCE PER SITE



BONAMIA EXITIOSA PREVALENCE PER SITE





Summary

➤ *Bonamia*

- 22% of all bivalves tested (n=537) were positive
 - 8/10 (80%) locations in the southern IRL
 - 6/11 (55%) species in the southern IRL
- Only 32.5% of *Bonamia* positives (n=120) were identified as *B. exitiosa*

➤ *Perkinsus marinus*

- 13% of all bivalves tested (n=537) were positive
 - 10/10 (100%) locations in the southern IRL
 - 7/11 (64%) species in the southern IRL

➤ *Haplosporidium nelsoni*

- 0% of all bivalves tested (n= 537) were positive

Conclusions

- ***Bonamia* spp. is present in multiple locations in the southern portion of the IRL**
 - expands the known range of the parasite
- **Multiple species of *Bonamia* spp. are present**
 - *B. exitiosa*, *B. ostrea* (?), *B. perspora* (?)
- **A wide variety of reservoir species exists for *Bonamia* spp.**
- **A wide variety of reservoir species exists for *Perkinsus marinus***
- ***Haplosporidium nelsoni* was not detected**

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- **Histological confirmation of Bonamia PCR-positive samples**
 - Pathogenic?
- **Expansion of field collections to include a broader range of species and locations**
 - Lake Worth Lagoon (south of IRL)
 - Northern IRL, Gulf Coast, FL Keys
- **Further delineate role of the environment**
 - Salinity, temperature, disturbance

© Author/ISAAH Acknowledgements

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FL Aquaculture License

Plate

